



INDONESIAN AEROSPACE (IA



CN235-220 MARITIME PATROL AIRCRAFT



# CN235-220 MPA (MARITIME PATROL AIRCRAFT)

The establishment of an Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) has resulted in substantial economic benefits. Most maritime countries are taking advantage of this option offered by the United Nations (UN) to lay claim to their offshore EEZ. UN's recognition of these claims imposes certain obligations upon the claimant nations, including the maintenance of law and order, preservation of the environment for future generations, provisions of navigation aids as well as search and rescue operation services.

PT Dirgantara Indonesia (Persero), with its CN235-220 Maritime Patrol Aircraft (MPA) offers a turnkey service for such EEZ protection, as well as other multi-mission capabilities. The company's high-technology systems are reinforced by a number of experience in international aircraft projects such as Indonesian Air Force, Indonesian Navy, Turkish Navy, Turkish Coast Guard and Korea Coast Guard.

The CN235-220 Platform with fully equipped MPA system and enhancement off basic aircraft avionics sub system which enable it to perform mission operations during day and night in adverse/extreme weather conditions.

The MPA perform the following missions in sea environment:

- Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) Control:
   The MPA allows the surface surveillance and EEZ patrol around operational base area, acting independently or in co-operation with other aircraft or surface units.
- Anti Surface Warfare (ASuW):
   The MPA allows the detection, localization of surface targets. The MPA allows electronic intelligent gathering, to detect hostile electronic emission.
- Search and Rescue (SAR):
   Search operations carrying out SAR Kits releasing (if available).
- Anti Submarine Warfare (ASW):
   The MPA allows the detection and localization of Submarine.

# SUPERIOR FEATURES

The CN235-220 MPA light medium aircraft has an excellent mission flexibility, with proven design philosophy and state of the art of technology. The aircraft is featuring high cantilever wing, powered by twin turboprop wing mounted engines, with pressurized cabin and retractable tricycle landing gear.

#### CN235-220 has various superiorities, such as:

- Short Take-Off & Landing (STOL) performance
- Efficient twin GE CT7-9C turboprop engines with 1750 SHP
- Wide body concept
- · Take-off and landing on paved and unpaved runway capability
- · Easy loading and unloading operation through rear ramp door
- · High versatility mission & quick change configuration
- Advanced flight deck technology





# **DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS**

### **Dimensions**

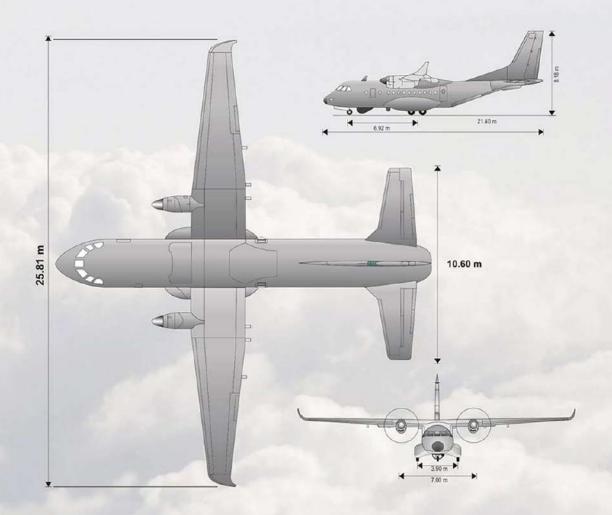
Span (overall)	84.68	ft	25.81	m
Length (overall)	70.21	ft	21.40	m
Wing Area	657.44	ft2	61.00	m2
Height (overall)	26.84	ft	8.18	m

### Cabin

•	Cabin Length	31.65	ft	9.65	m
•	Cabin Height	6.04	ft	1.84	m
•	Cabin Volume	1,479	ft3	41.88	m3
	Cabin Width	2.36	ft	0.72	m

### Weights

Maximum Ramp Weight	16,550	kg	36,485	lbs
Maximum Take-Off Weight	16,500	kg	36,375	lbs
Maximum Landing Weight	16,500	kg	36,375	lbs
Maximum Zero Fuel Weight	15,400	kg	33,950	lbs
Maximum Fuel Capacity	4,200	kg	9,259	lbs



### PERFORMANCE CAPABILITIES

#### PERFORMANCE DATA

The CN235-220 MPA provides the following typical performance

Take-off Ground Run	762 m	2,500 ft	
All Engine Operative Take-Off Distance	988 m	3,240 ft	
anding Distance (MLW, ISA, SL)			
Landing Distance with Reverse Power	914 m	3,000 ft	
Landing Roll with Reverse Power	491 m	1,610 ft	
Landing Distance with Ground Idle Power	1	,049 m	3,442 ft
Landing Roll with Ground Idle Power	570 m	1,870 ft	
ruise Speed			
Maximum Cruise	227 KTAS		
Loiter Speed	161 KTAS		

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#### Climb Performance

The following data are given for I.S.A. conditions, at MTOW (16,500 kg)

Max. Rate of Climb, S.L.

1,420 f

ft/min

• Service Ceiling : All Engines Operative

7,620 m 25,000 ft



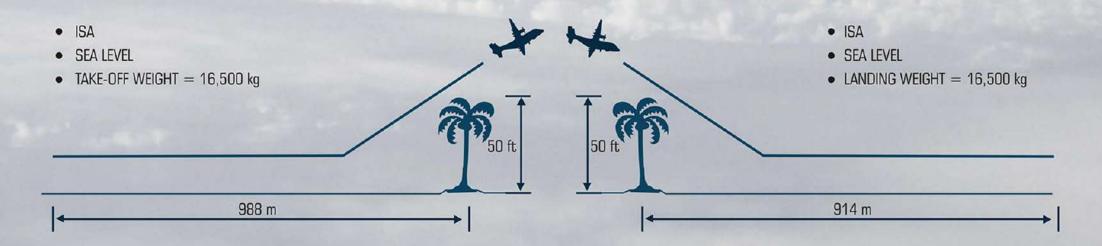
Maximum Cruise 484 kg/h
 Long Range Cruise 381 kg/h
 Maximum Endurance 314 kg/h

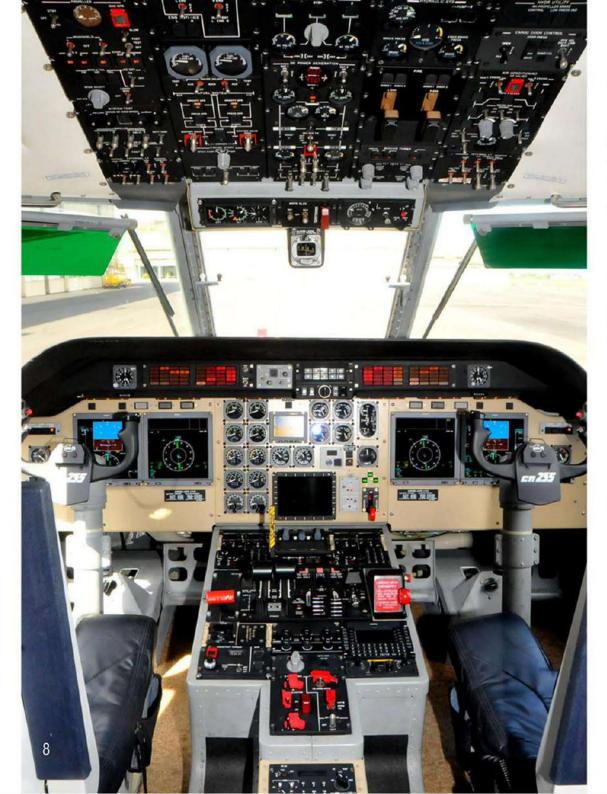


# PERFORMANCE CAPABILITIES



The CN235-220 multi-mission platform has proven to be a success in forward base operations on unpaved runway conditions.





### SYSTEM AVIONICS AND AFCS

#### COCKPIT

The advanced flight deck is designed to provide a quiet, ergonomically efficient working environment enhanced by the installation of an integrated alerting system.

The Electronic Flight Instrument System (EFIS) comprises a primary display and Navigation display & one cockpit display. EFIS is installed to display mission system information for each pilot side. Weather information can be superimposed on both navigation displays. Primary flight and navigation information can be switched from one display to the other display. As a back up of Navigation data, one Electronics Standby Instrument (ESI) is installed on the center instrument panel to present standby attitude, standby airspeed & standby attitude data.

The Automatic Flight Control System [AFCS] provides flight director and autopilot function. It reduces crew workload and fatigue and allows the crew to operate with maximum efficiency.

#### INTERIOR CONCEPT

 To meet the mission goals, the Aircraft Platform is fitted with the intended MPA ANTI SURFACE WARFARE (ASuW) Mission System that organised into 2 (two) consoles, which enable the simultaneous sensor operating, and tactical situation sum-up. The comfortable interior arrangement allows several flight crew and mission operator to operate the Maritime Patrol Aircraft.

The personnel composing the team of the mission are:

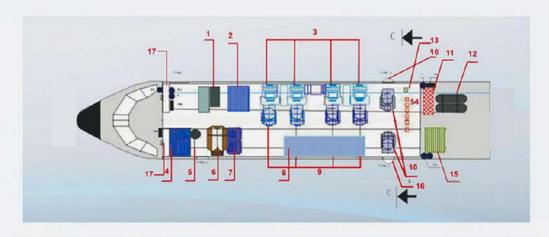
- Pilot,
- Co-pilot.
- TACCO (Tactical Coordinator), who handle the mission on the zone of operation and shall be in charge of tactical assessment, and responsible for the management and operation of the Radar, FLIR/TV and IR/UV sub-system and the interpretation, classification of Radar detections.
  - Electronic Warfare Operator (EWO), who is responsible for the management a n d operation of the ESM sub-system including Self Protection System (Radar Warning Function RWF).
- Two observers on stations who are responsible to: Perform visual observation through the bubble windows, Take picture of faulty vessels,
- Drop SAR kits (if available). take picture of faulty vessels, drop SAR kits (if available).
- To perform Anti Submarine Warfare (ASW), the MPA with the comfortable interior arrangement allows several flight crew and mission to operate the MPA ASW. Mission System that organised into 4 (four) consoles, enables the simultaneous sensor operation, and tactical situation sum-up.

The personnel composing the team of this mission are:

- Pilot,
- Co-pilot,
- TACCO (Tactical Coordinator), who handle the mission on the zone operation and shall be in charge of tactical assessment, and responsible for the management and operation of the Radar and FLIR/TV sub-system and the interpretation, classification of Radar detections.

### SYSTEMS AND TECHNICAL ASPECT

- Electronic Warfare Operator (EWO), who is responsible for the management and operation of the ESM sub-system including Self Protection System (Radar Warning Function RWF).
- Acoustic Situation Operator (ASO), who is responsible for the management and operation of the Acoustic sub-system.
- Two observers on stations whose tasks include:
  - Perform visual observation through the bubble windows,
  - Take picture of faulty vessels,
  - Drop and load sonobuoys
  - Drop SAR kits (if available).



#### INTERIOR ARRANGEMENT

- 1. GALLEY/WARDROBE
- 3. TACCO CONSOLE
- 4. LAVATORY
- 5. CREW LIFE RAFT
- 6. FOLDING TABLE
- 7. DOUBLE SEAT STDLH
- 2. MISSION AVIONICS RACK-1 8. MISSION AVIONICS RACK-2
  - 9. OPERATOR SEAT FOR TACCO
  - 10. OBSERVER SEAT
  - 11. SMOKE MARKER RACK
  - 12. SAR RAFT

- 13. SMOKE MARKER LAUNCHER
- 14. SONOBUOY LAUNCHER
- 15. SONOBUOY RACK
- 16. OBSERVATION WINDOWS
- 17. AVIONIC RACK



As a multi role, MPA offers intelligence, surveillance, reconnaissance mission capabilities including :

- Border & ZEE Patrol
- Illegal Fishery Control
- Marine Pollution Control
- Maritime/ Environmental Protection
- Anti Smuggling Control
- Immigration Control
- · Search and Rescue

The MPA mission capabilities can be enhanced as Anti Surface and Anti Submarine Warfare.

### MISSION SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

Maritime Patrol mission for Indonesia's EEZ has already been completed with a high degree of success by both the Indonesian Air Force and Navy. Optional enhanced Anti-Submarine equipment includes video cameras equipped with stabilized viewing capabilities.

### **MAIN EQUIPMENT**

Tactical Integration System

Search Radar

IFF Interogator

AIS

EO/IR

**ESM** 

Acoustic System

DATALINK/SATCOM

Support Equipment

**Observer Stations** 

Handheld Camera

Lavatory + Galley

Sonobuoy Rack & Launcher

Rest Area

**Bubble Windows** 

Consoles





### MISSION SYSTEM

#### INTEGRATED MISSION SYSTEMS

#### TACTICAL INTEGRATION SYSTEM (TIS)

To reduce operator work load and assist in real time decision making. The MPA is equipped with a Tactical Integrator System (TIS). The TIS Integrates data from a variety of systems such as Search Radar, ESM, FLIR, IFF Interrogator, together with navigation and mission specific data. This integrated data is then displayed in an user-friendly format.

Utilizing a MIL-STD-1553B data bus, the TIS incorporates standardized controls and data links for all sensors, as well as built-in systems growth capability. Computer windowing display capability, together with integrated sensor control, which is a critical factor for the best Man-Machine Interfacing.

#### **SEARCH RADAR**

The primary sensor supporting the MPAS's multi-mission capabilities is the aircraft's Search Radar. The CN235's selected search radar is a high performance search radar capable of detecting small maritime targets even in rough sea conditions. This capability is supported by its advanced signal processing and signal forming features.

Radar Features:

- · Pulse to pulse integration
- Threat assessment
- · SAR, ISAR capability
- GMTI
- · Track while scan

#### **IDENTIFICATION FRIEND OR FOE (IFF) INTERROGATOR**

The IFF Interrogator enables the radar operator to establish the

"friend/foe" status of aircraft or surface vessels either as individual target or squadrons, using real time radar display. The IFF Interrogator and Search Radar Antennas are fully integrated, thereby providing the MPA with a directional location capability from another aircraft IFF transponder emissions. This IFF Interrogator system can reply and process data in modes 1, 2, 3/A and C. The system detects responding transponders as far as the Search Radar's horizon in 180 of azimuth.





#### **ELECTRONIC SUPPORT MEASURES (ESM)**

When CN235-220 MPA is deployed in a dense radar signal or emitter environment, the passive electronic warfare system or ESM effectively supports the mission. The system automatically receives and processes signals in a standard frequency range of 2 to 18 GHz, expandable to 0.5 to 18 GHz when identifying potential threats and intercepted signals. ESM sensitivity provides a horizon wide detection coverage for radar signals with a 360° field of view.

The ESM data is shown to the operator on alphanumeric and graphic tactical displays. The processed information is logged and recorded in the data repository of the TIS.





#### FORWARD LOOKING INFRA RED (FLIR)

CN235-220 MPA can be equipped with a Forward Looking Infra Red (FLIR) providing both day and night identification capability. FLIR gives 360° azimuth coverage and 0° to 180° coverage in elevation. FLIR provides the operator with the capability to find, track, and identify targets anytime, day or night. System enhancement, such as automatic search, target detection and tracking reduce air crew workload and improve mission performance. Automatic FLIR target pointing on the tactical situation display of TIS is an example of operational flexibility. TIS transmits the data enabling the FLIR to sight its target. Control and pointing of FLIR is provided from a simple, accurate and easy-to-use joystick located at the operator's station.

#### SELF PROTECTION SYSTEM

The Self Protection System (SPS) functional requirement is fulfilled by the EW System (EWS), that consists of:

- One ESM and situational awareness with priority for radar warning
- One passive Missile Warning System (MWS)
- One EW Management System (including the cockpit threat display)
- One Advanced Counter Measure Dispensing System (ACMDS)

The SPS has the capability to dispense chaffs, flares and other expandables in an appropriate time against radar infrared threats.

In the SPS, all the threat data detected by RWF and/or MWS is sent to the EWMU which performs the threat evaluation process to select the threat. If any sort of counter measure is required to defeat the threat, the ACDMS utilizes available threat data form the EWMU and navigation data.



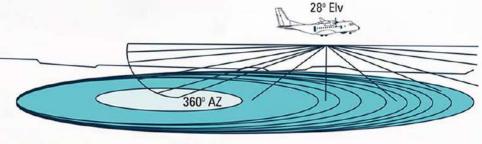
#### **BUBBLE WINDOWS**

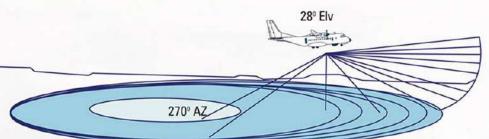
Two bubble windows are installed one on each side of the fuselage between frame 26 and 27. The lower part of the bubble window is located in a level of height of the vision of an observer in seating position.

### RADAR PERFORMANCE

### **Belly Radar Performance**

- Operating altitude up to 18,000 ft
- Radar detection range up to 200 nm
  Look up capability maximum tilt up: 4<sup>o</sup>, down:-29<sup>o</sup>
  Radar coverage: 360 azimuth
  2-Axis antenna stabilization







#### ANTI-SURFACE VESSEL MISSION

Maritime patrol mission includes:

- Overt mission
- Covert mission

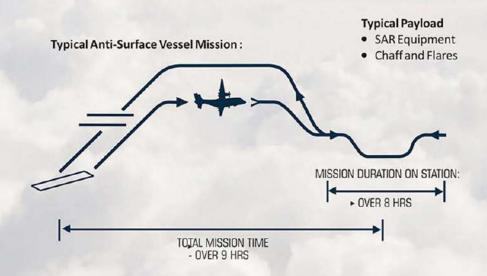
#### **Maritime Patrol Coordinated Operations Strike Guidance**

The CN235MPA is capable in gathering information and coordinating its flow via other aircrafts, surface vessels or fixes ground stations while maintaining a safe stand-off distance from potential surface threats is an extremely important and valuable option to mission commanders. It is suitable for:

- Unpredictable patrol profile
- Unpredictable aircraft speed and maneuver
- Radar utilization

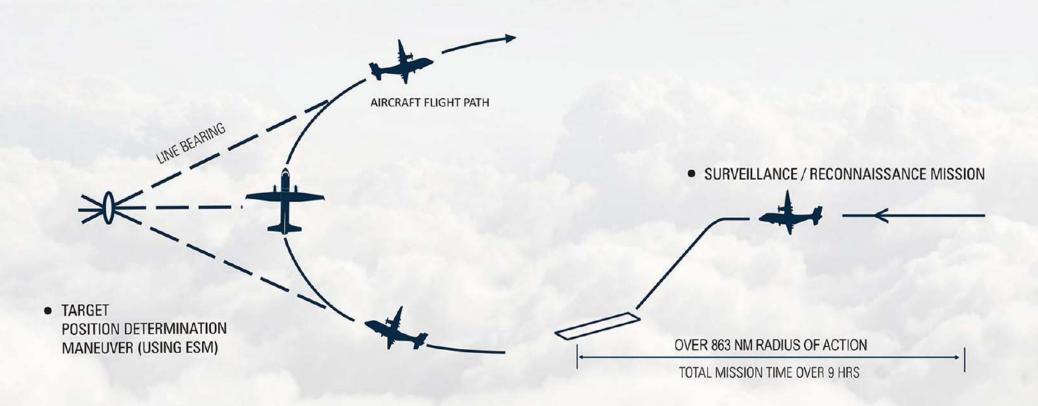
#### Erratic maneuvering for:

- Target location & ID
- Search area patterns
- Variable starting points



#### MARITIME SURVEILLANCE AND RECONNAISSANCE

In supporting EEZ Intelligence gathering operations, the CN235-220 MPA will provide a hard copy data for assessing the nature of suspected illegal activities.



### **Type Search Pattern** -Expanding Square SEARCH AND RESCUE (SAR) MISSION VICTIM'S LAST REPORTED POSITION Search and Rescue is subset of Maritime Patrol activities for locating AIRPLANE altitude defined by : distressed vessels. Aircrafts or persons are the mission objective. - Weather Conditions The CN235-220 is a cost effective and stable platform with superior low level - Overall visibility handling and excellent overall aircraft visibility. Large wrap around cockpit windscreens and dual rear mounted 180 bubble windows are standard in the CN235-220 MPA. Principal of Utilization: - Victims are almost stationary - Direction & speed of victim's movement Typical Search and Rescue (SAR) Mission **Typical Payload:** - SAR kits - Life rafts

DISTANCE TO SAR INCIDENT:

- OVER 100 NM

- Markers

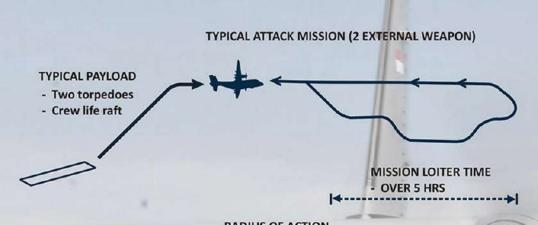
MISSION LOITER TIME
- OVER 9 HRS

### ATTACK MISSION

#### Air-to-Surface-Missile Strike

CN235-220 MPA is capable of carrying offensive weapons such as air launched antiship missiles (air-to-surface missiles). The missiles active radar guidance system provides all weather, over-the horizon capabilities. The missiles high survivability and lethality are further enhanced by its low-level cruise trajectory, indirect-to-target flight path, counter-counter measures and a high-explosive penetrating warhead. The MPA's Search Radar or ESM provides the missile with adequate target bearing data to easily locate its designated target.

Optional enhanced Anti-Submarine capability equipment include video cameras equipped with stabilized viewing capabilities.



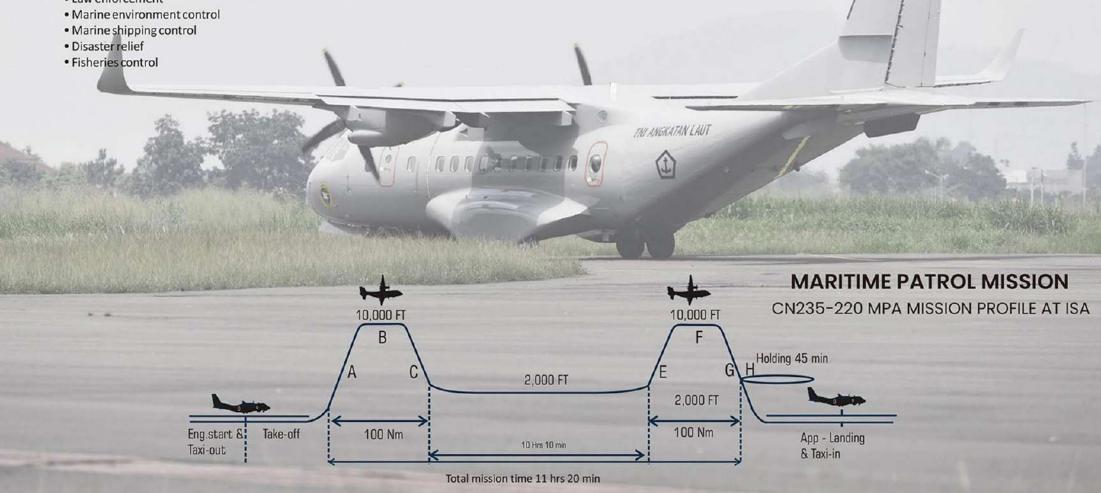


### PERFORMANCE CAPABILITIES

#### MISSION PERFORMANCE & SCENARIOS

CN235-220 MPA is designed to perform multi-mission tasks including low-to-mid altitude airborne surveillance ensuring maritime security of EEZ territorial water. The MPA Platform has maximum flexibility of EEZ management and control requirements, including:

Law enforcement



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